Paul Rosen

paul.rosen@utah.edu @paulrosenphd https://cspaul.com

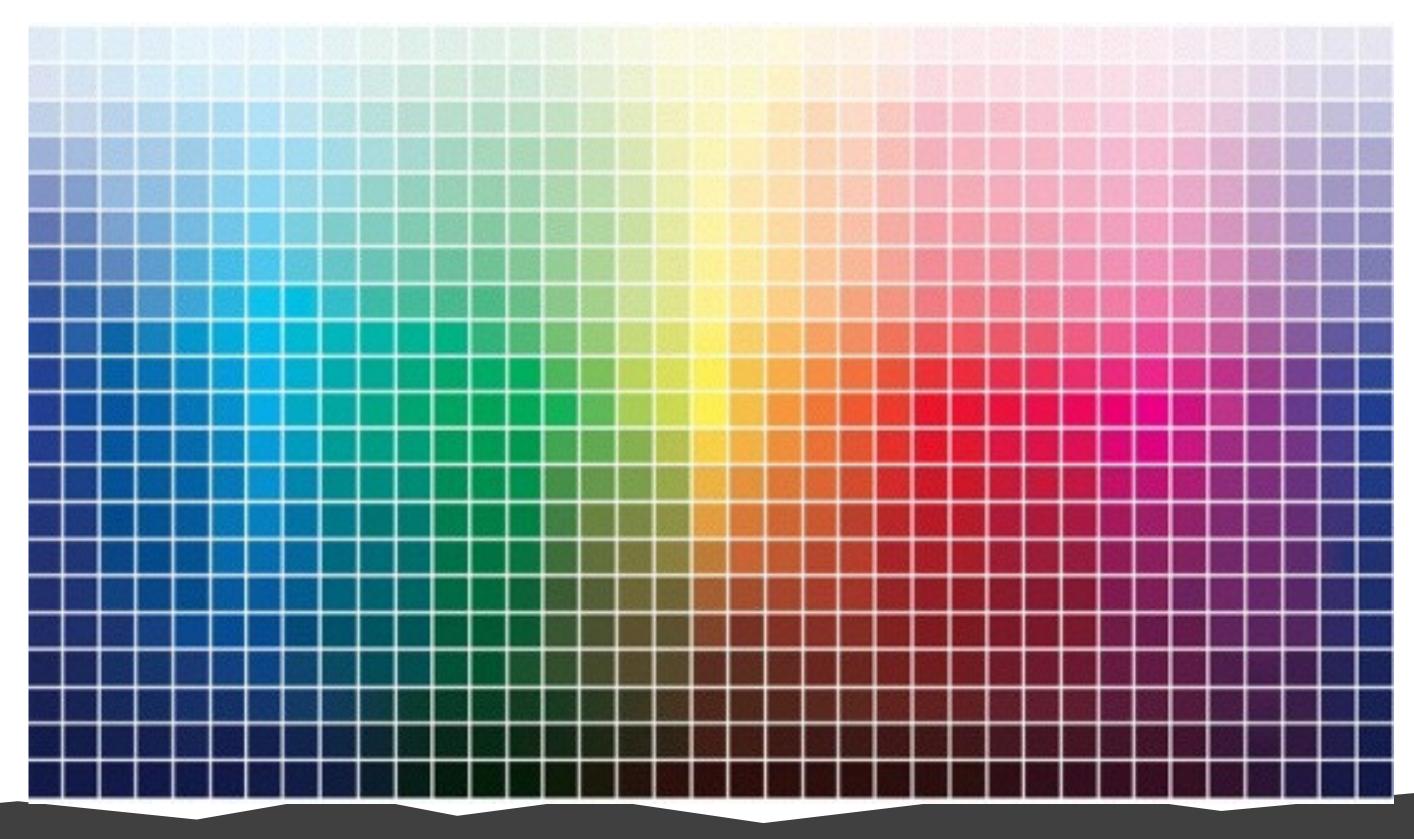
Visualization for Data Science DS-4630 / CS-5630 / CS-6630

Perception of Color



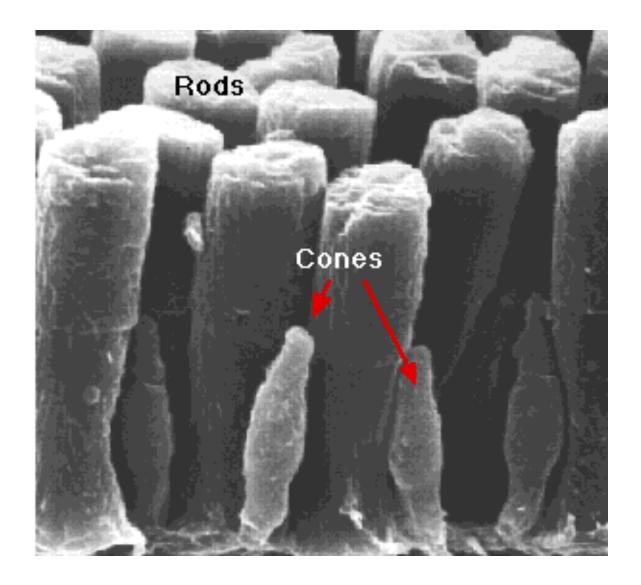
THE UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

Color

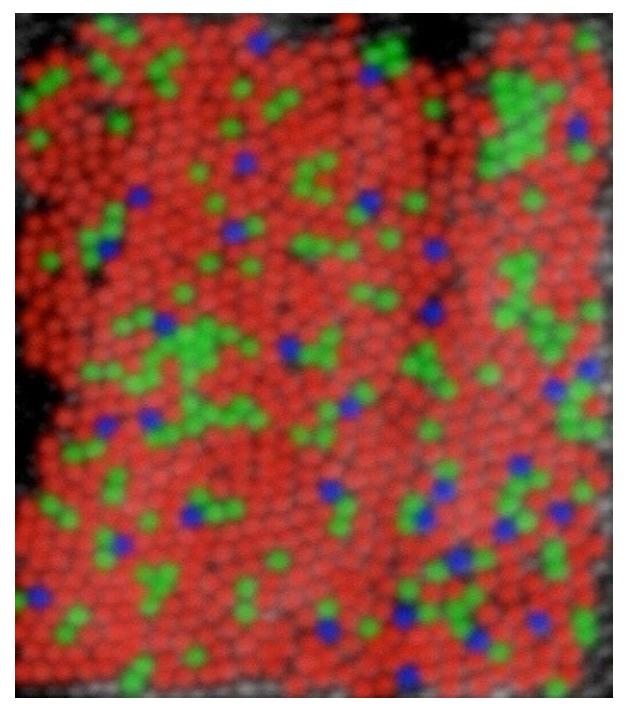








120 million rods



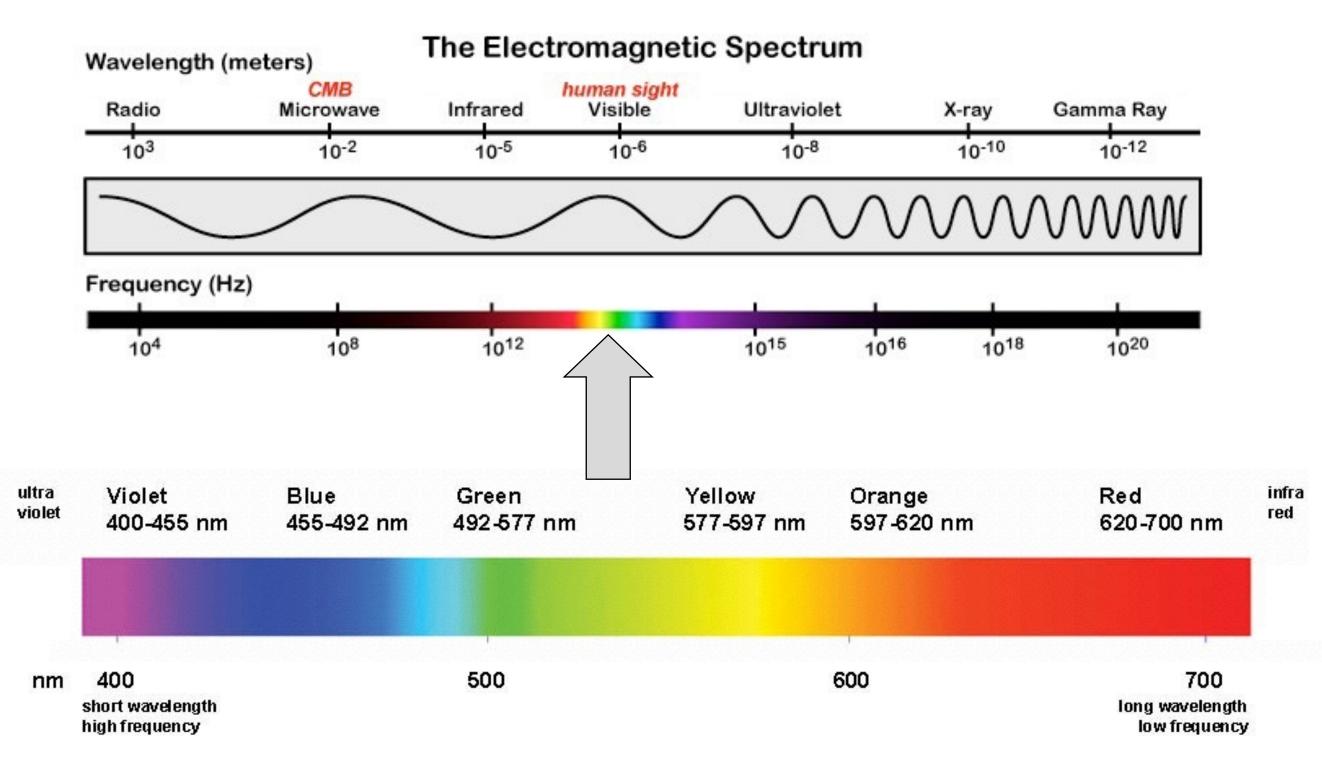
5-6 million cones



Wandell, "Foundations of Vision" (left) David R. Williams, Univ. of Rochester (right)



light

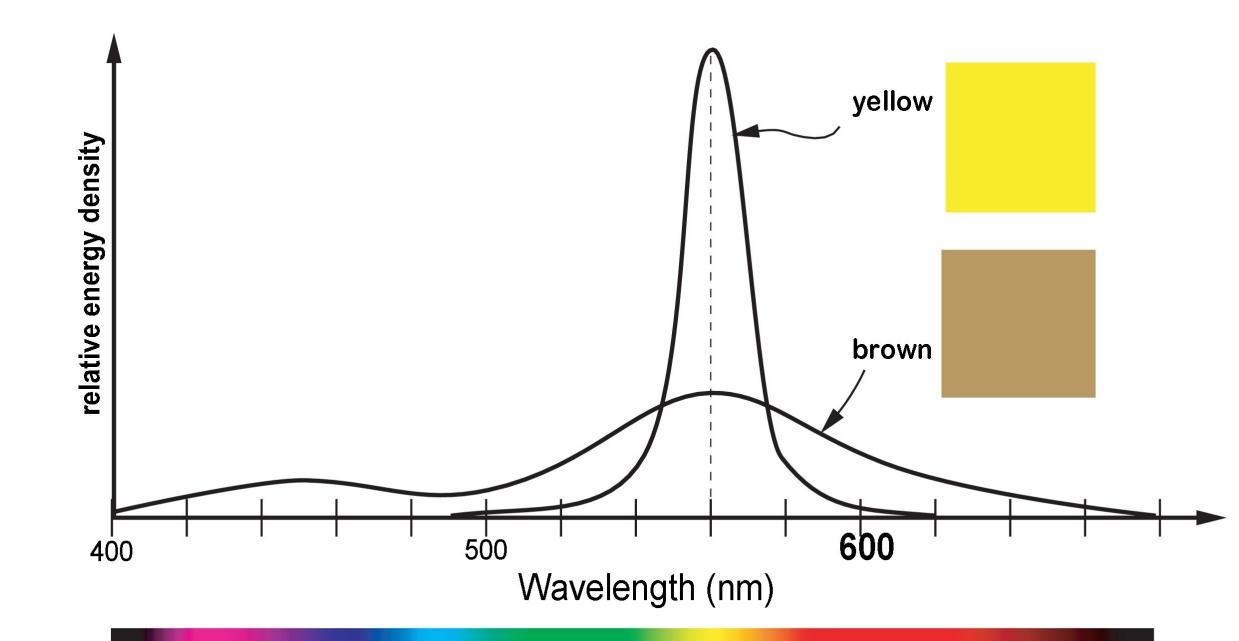






Color != Wavelength

• but rather, a combination of wavelengths and energy

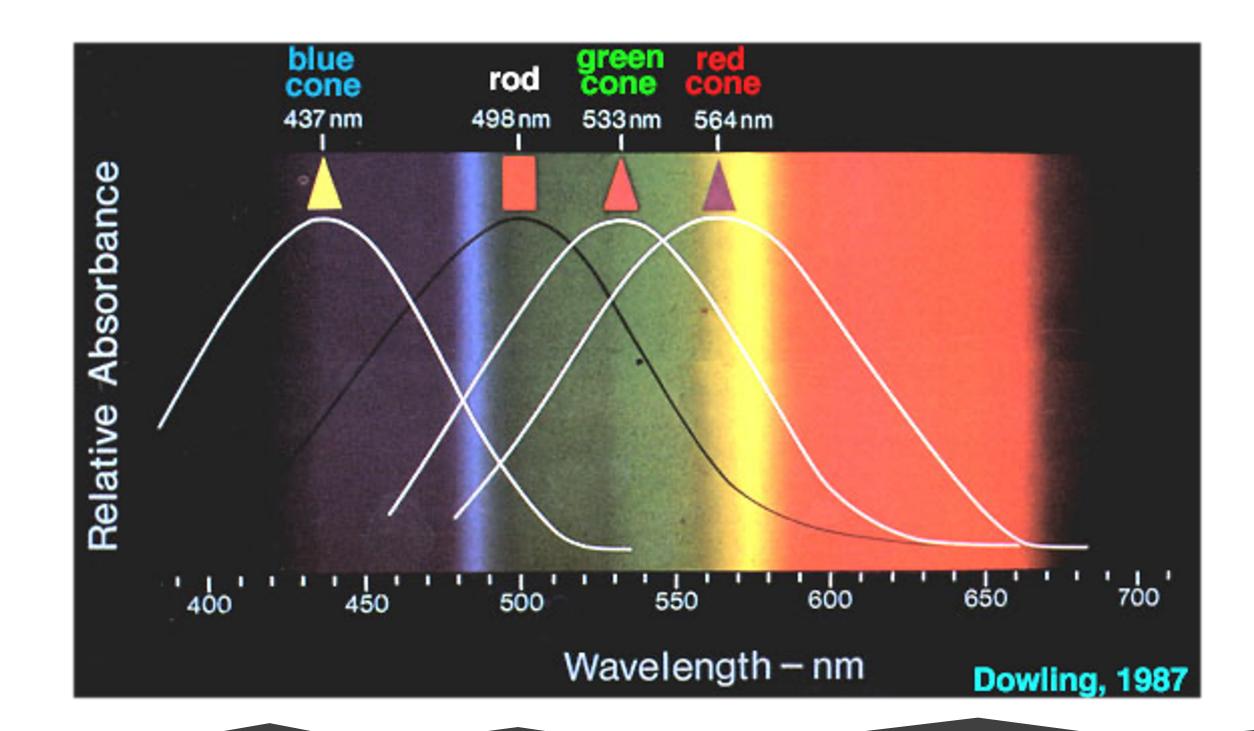








Cone Response







STATIONS ABOUT SIGN IN SEARCH	f DONATE NOW!	
Return Home		
Rippin' the Rainbow a New One « Back to Episode (f) ()	PODCAST SUPPOPT Latest Comments What a fascinating story! I found it interesting as some aspects of it reminded me of the conflict in Gaza Image: Denny on Fu-Go	
00:30 / 19:37 ♥ ► Listen ♣ Add ♣ Download <> Embed ≈ Stream	The Most Viewed Listened Commented Remembering Oliver Sacks	
We tear into this show with a dark scene from 1665. A young Isac Newton, hoping to ride out the plague by heading to the country to puzzle over the deep mysteries of the universe, finds himself wondering about light. And vision. He wants to get to the bottom of where color comes fromis it a physical property in the outside world, or something created back inside your eyeball somewhere? James Gleick explains how Newton unlocked the mystery of the rainbow. And, as Victoria Finlay tells us, sucked the poetry out of the heavens.	 American Football The Rhino Hunter Elements Shrink Colors Photos: Before and After Carlisle Looking Back With Dr. Sacks Antibodies Part 1: CRISPR The Poetry of "Elements" 	



Goethe--who turned a simple observation into a deep thought: even though color starts in the



S.



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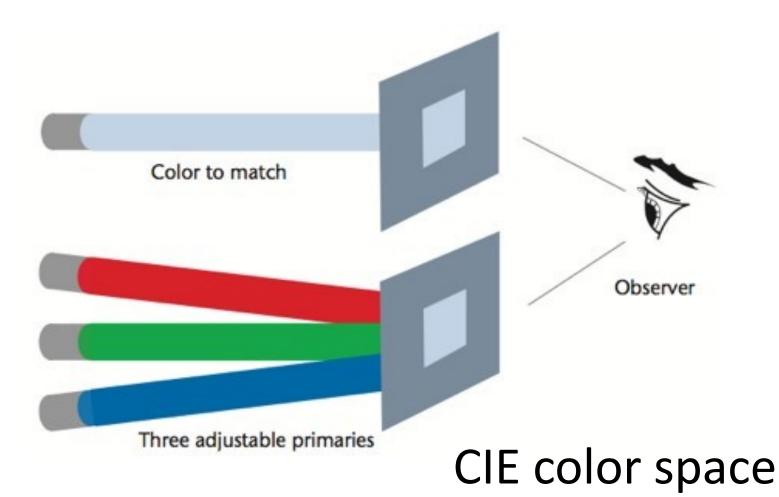


Color abstraction, representation



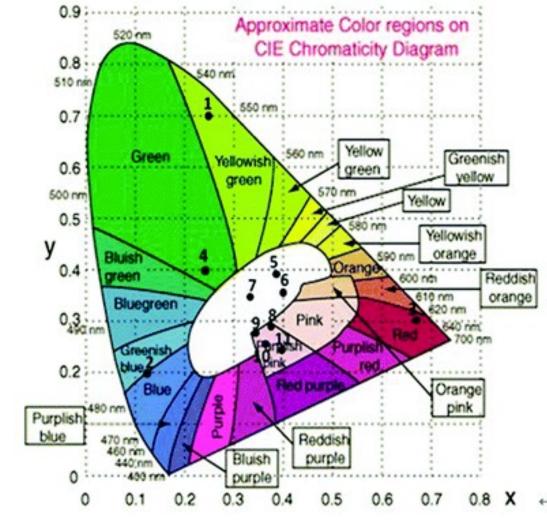
space of human color perception





- CIE (International Commission on Illumination) • standardized a set of color-matching functions that form the basis for most
 - color measurement instruments
- subtraction of three primary lights
- experiments done in the 1920's and 1930's humans can mimic any pure (visible) light by addition and



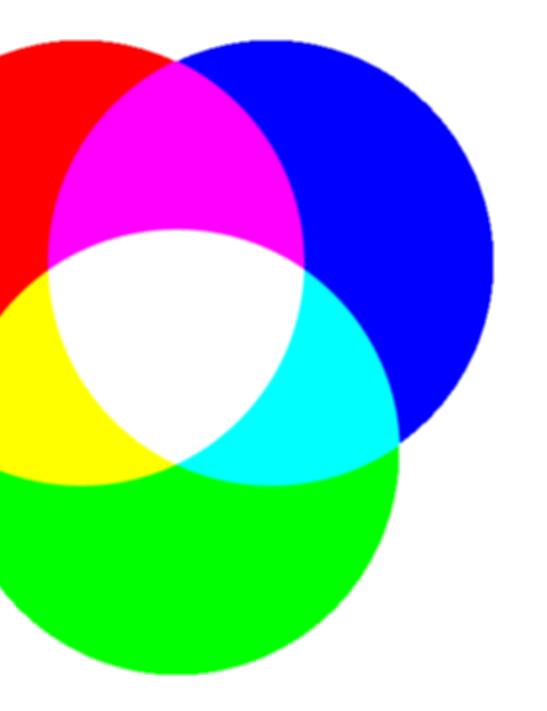




ADDITIVE COLOR

- (like we see in light)
- primary: RGB
- secondary: CMY



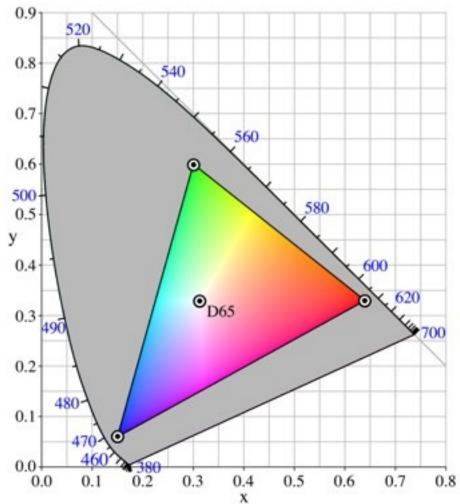




RGB color space

 very commonly used color space 	
 not perceptually uniform 	
	(
 actual color is device-dependent 	5
	У
	1.14



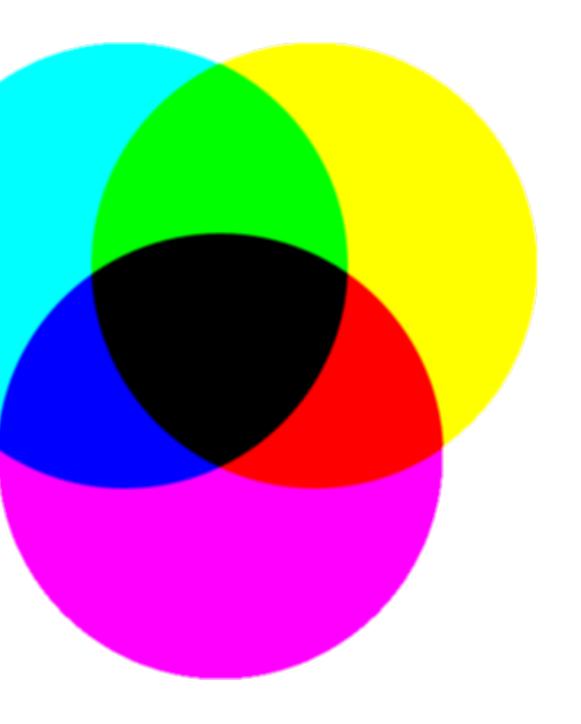




SUBTRACTIVE COLOR

- (used in print ink)
- primary: CMY
- secondary: RGB
- approx black = C+M+Y
- true black = C+M+Y+K
- actual color is device-dependent



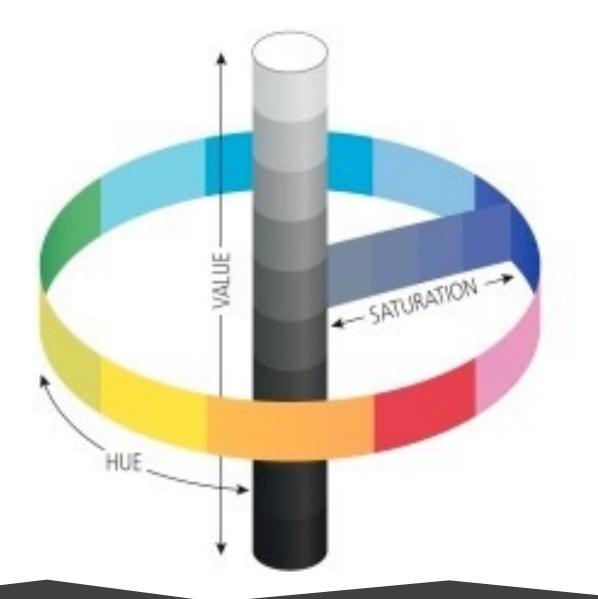




HSV [B, L, I] (additive)

- Hue, Saturation, [Value, Brightness, Lightness, Intensity]
- polar coordinate representations of RGB space
- conical or cylindrical shaped space
- more intuitive than RGB for color tuning



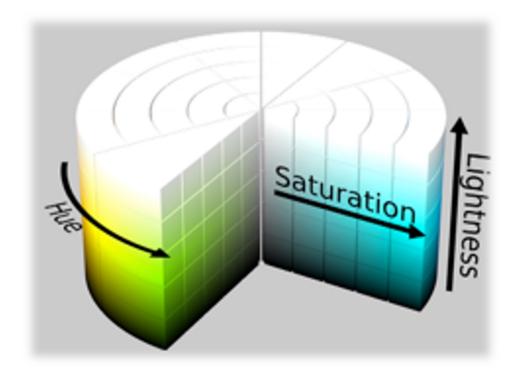


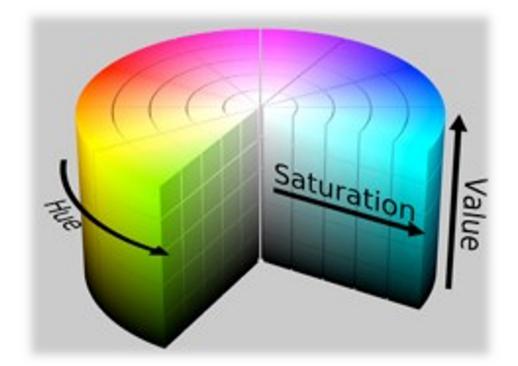


HSV [B, L, I] (additive)

- <u>hue</u>: what people think of as color
- <u>saturation</u>: amount of white mixed in
- <u>luminance</u>: amount of black mixed in
 - lightness vs value (or brightness)
 - intensity, in computer vision applications



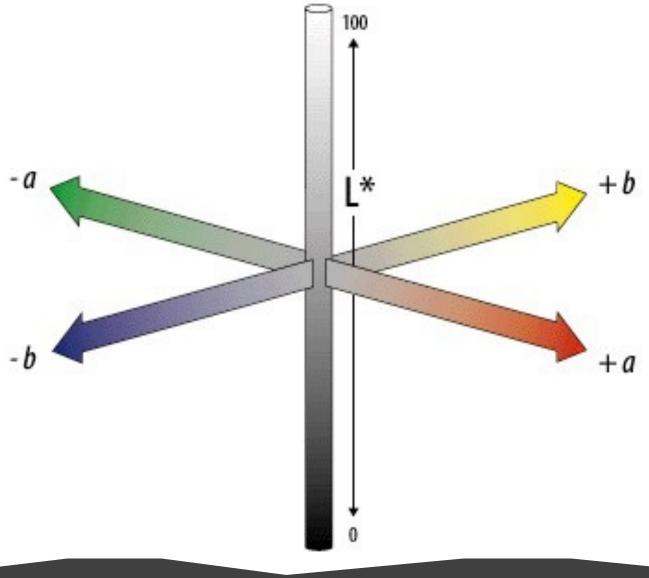






CIE LAB/LUV

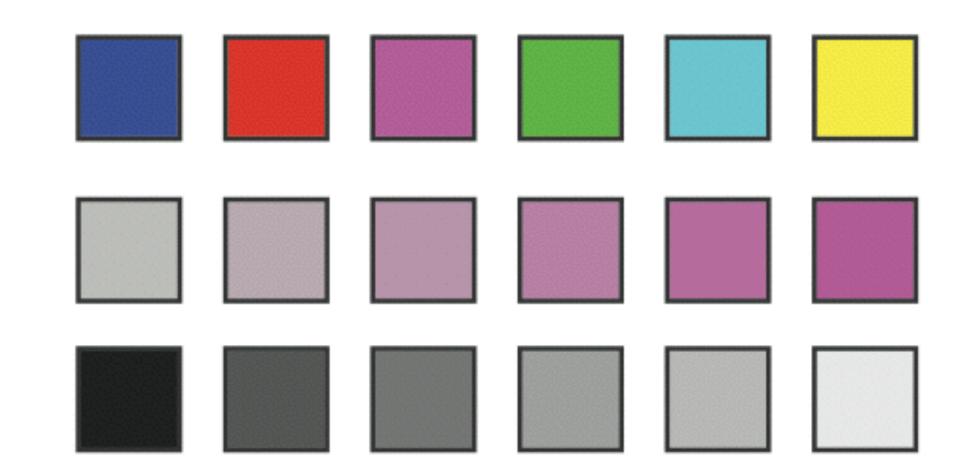
- mathematically defined & perceptually based to include all perceivable colors
- a: red to green
- b: yellow to blue
- L*: lightness (black to white)





in this class...

- hue
- saturation
- luminance







color deficiencies & limitations

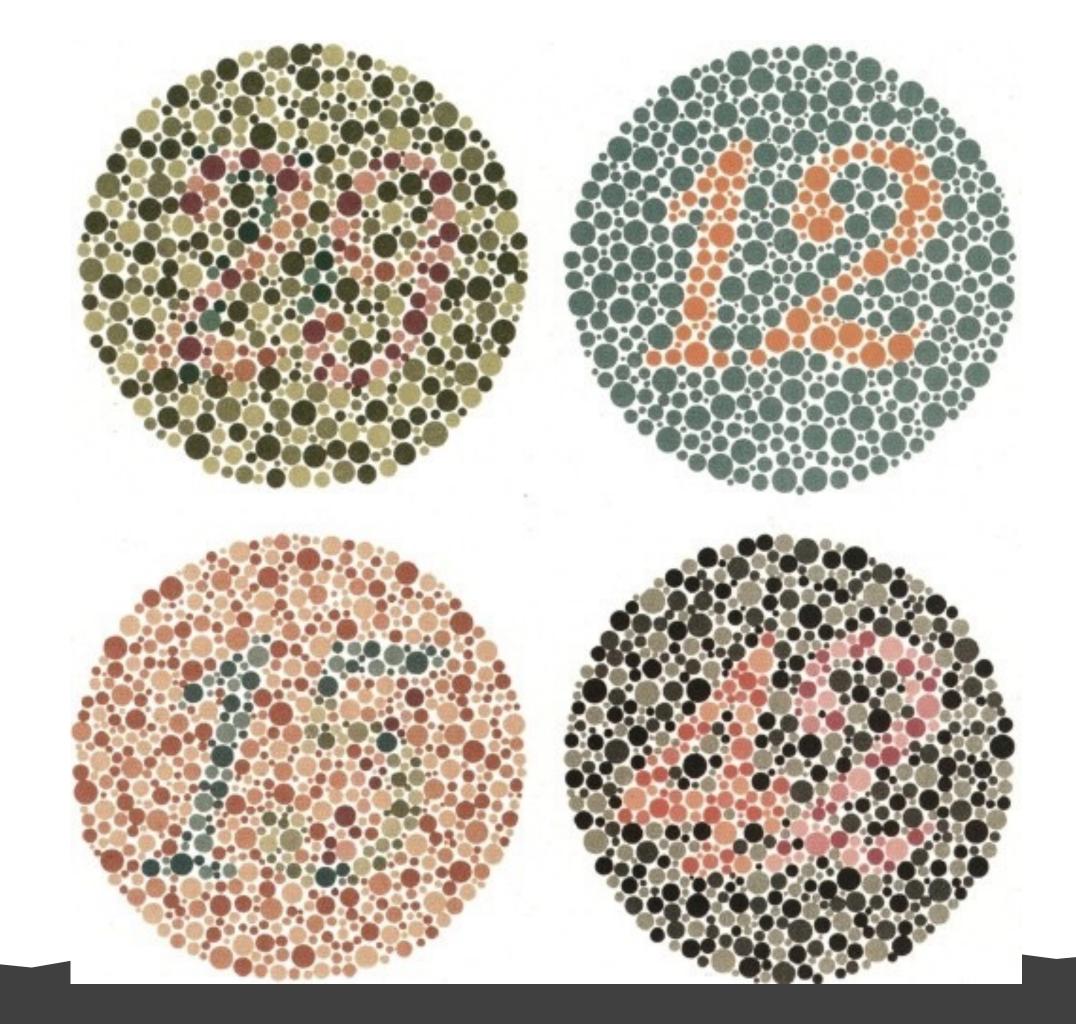


COLOR BLINDNESS

- deficiency in color vision
- typically caused by faulty cone development
- found more in men than women
- photopigment genes carried in x-chromosome
- 5-8% of men and 0.5% of women (of European descent)

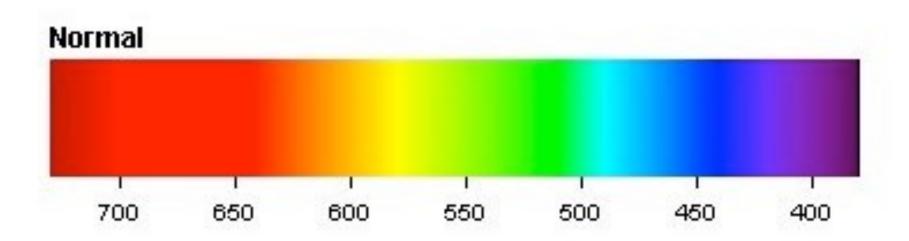




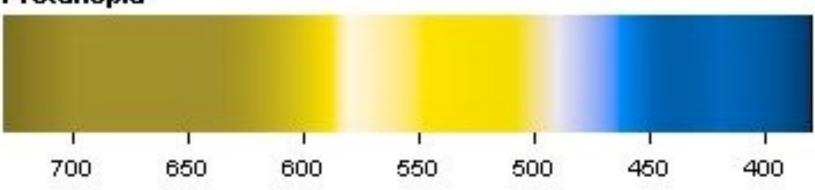




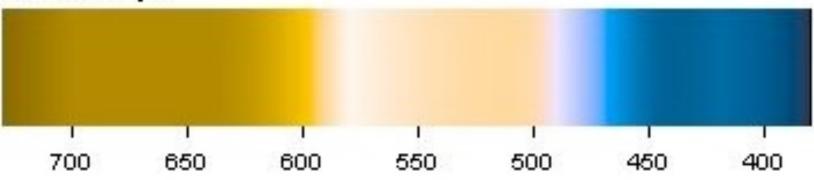




Protanopia



Deuteranopia



Tritanopia



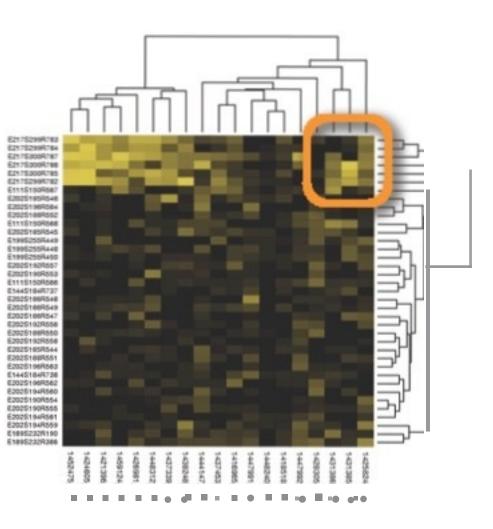


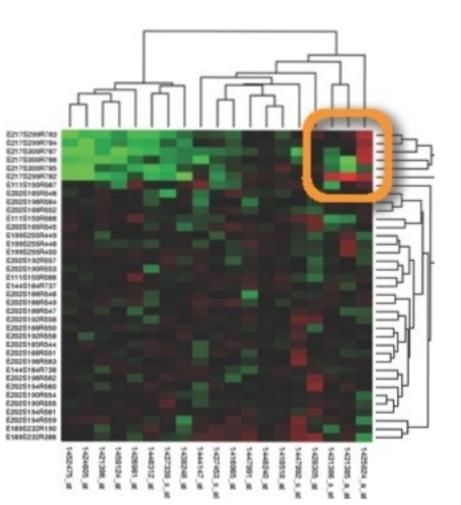
















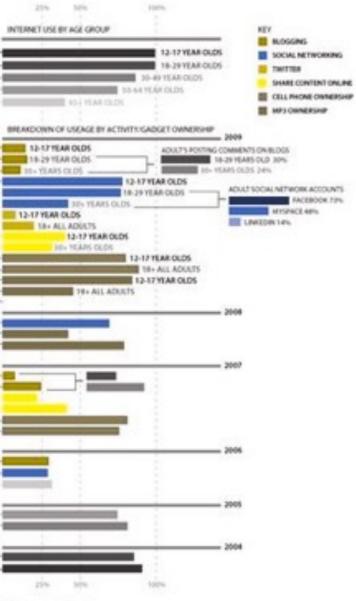




How different age groups are using the internet

With the growth of social media networks such as Facebook and Twitter, traditional blogging has been usurped by micro-blogging quick and short 140 character updates instead of lengthy, in-depth. (and sometimes still equally pointless) articles.

However, while teens and young adults seem to be shunning blogging, it is still strong among the over 30s....



Science enviropmentiemploog Envirol to Mahar Bahardo



MONOCHROMACY

- total color blindness, very rare
- 1 dimensional color vision
- 2 or 3 cone pigments are missing
- rod monochromacy: non-functioning or missing cones (achromatopsia)
- cone monochromacy: multiple deficient cones

Normal Vision

Achromatopsia

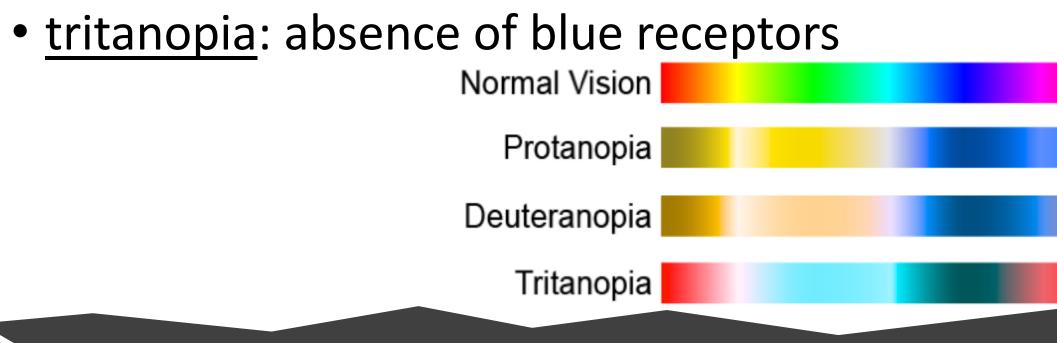






DICHROMACY

- 2 dimensional color vision
- 1 cone pigment is missing
- protanopia: absence of red receptors
- <u>deuteranopia</u>: absence of green receptors



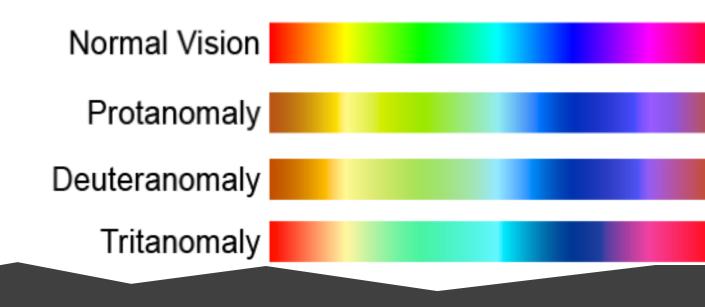




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TYPES: TRICHOMACY

- 3 dimensional color vision
- 1 cone is altered in spectral sensitivity—impairment rather than loss
- protanomaly: shift in red, poor red-green discrimination
- deuteranomaly: shift in green, poor red-green discrimination (most common form \bullet of color deficiency)
- <u>tritanomaly</u>: poor blue-yellow discrimination







The X-Rite Color Challenge and Hue Test

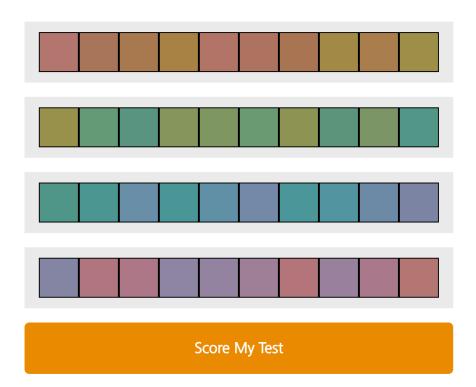
Are you among the 1 in 255 women and 1 in 12 men who have some form of color vision deficiency? If you work in a field where color is important, or you're just curious about your color IQ, take our online challenge to find out. Based on the Farnsworth Munsell 100 Hue Test, this online challenge is a fun, quick way to better understand your color vision acuity.

Just remember, this is not a replacement for the full test!

Directions:

- 1. The first and last color chips are fixed.
- 2. Drag and drop the colors in each row to arrange them by hue color.
- 3. Complete all four color tests.
- 4. Click 'Score My Test' to review results.

What's My Color IQ?

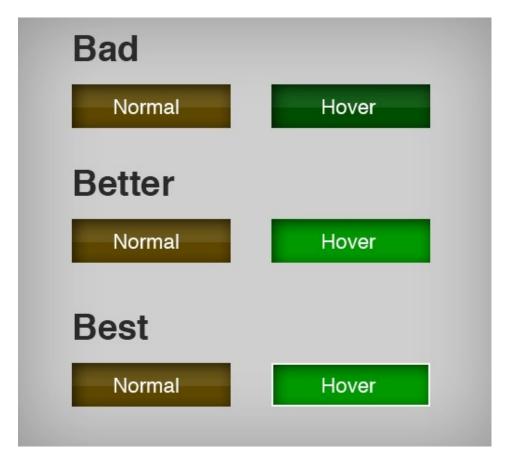




Takeaway

- Even if you aren't colorblind, someone you're working with could be
 - Be sure to design with colorblindness in mind by:
 - varying hue, saturation, brightness
 - using monochrome color schemes
 - using cues besides/in addition to color
 - software solution, vischeck (<u>http://www.vischeck.com</u>)









Frank → @FrankElavsky · Jan 18

Data visualization cares disproportionately far too much about designing for colorblindness relative to other disabilities that are more common (visual impairments included).

(A thread on disability, race, and patriarchy in data visualization.)

 \bigcirc 44

1.2K

🔿 3.3K



Frank → @FrankElavsky · Jan 18

~4.5% of people with northern European ancestry are colorblind. But less than half of a percent of women are.

This means that nearly 8% of men from a northern European background have some form of colorblindness.

Colorblindness affects WHITE MEN the most.

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- High contrast text
- High contrast elements
- Using texture, shape, units
- Designing with zoom/magnification
- Using Hierarchy and Focus
- Using annotations or guides

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Frank → @FrankElavsky · Jan 18

Resources we could use more of (2/?):

Functional/motor impairment (~13% of all people in US):

- Keyboard interactivity/navigation
- UI alternatives to in-chart controls (brushing, subselecting, etc)
- Alternative data navigation schemes

17 47

- Scrollytelling alternates

♡ 437



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Frank → @FrankElavsky · Jan 18

Resources we could use more of (3/?):

Cognitive disability (~11% of all people in US):

- Captions, summaries, clear titles, and plain text alternatives
- Reducing visual complexity
- Forgivable user interactions
- Use of hierarchy
- Assistive design (how-to-read guides, help)

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Frank → @FrankElavsky · Jan 18

Resources we could use more of (4/?):

Attention deficit/hyperactive disorder (~9% of all people in US):

- Clear, short text summaries
- Object constancy
- Motion design and animation
- Use of breadcrumbs
- Interaction history (with undo/redo functions)

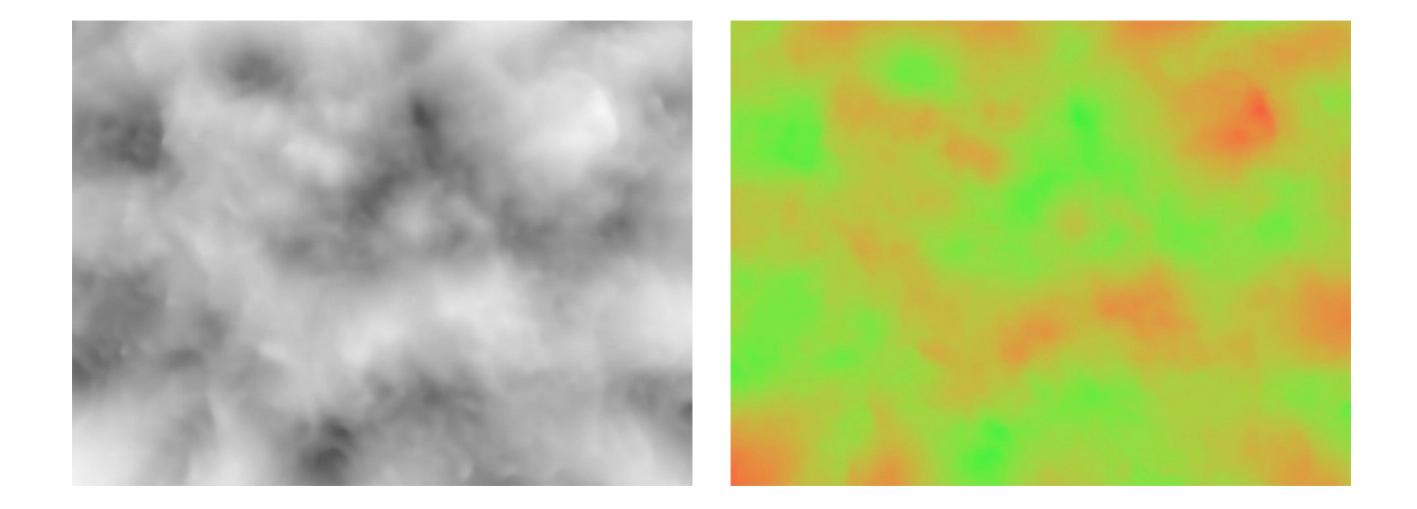


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Contrast Sensitivity

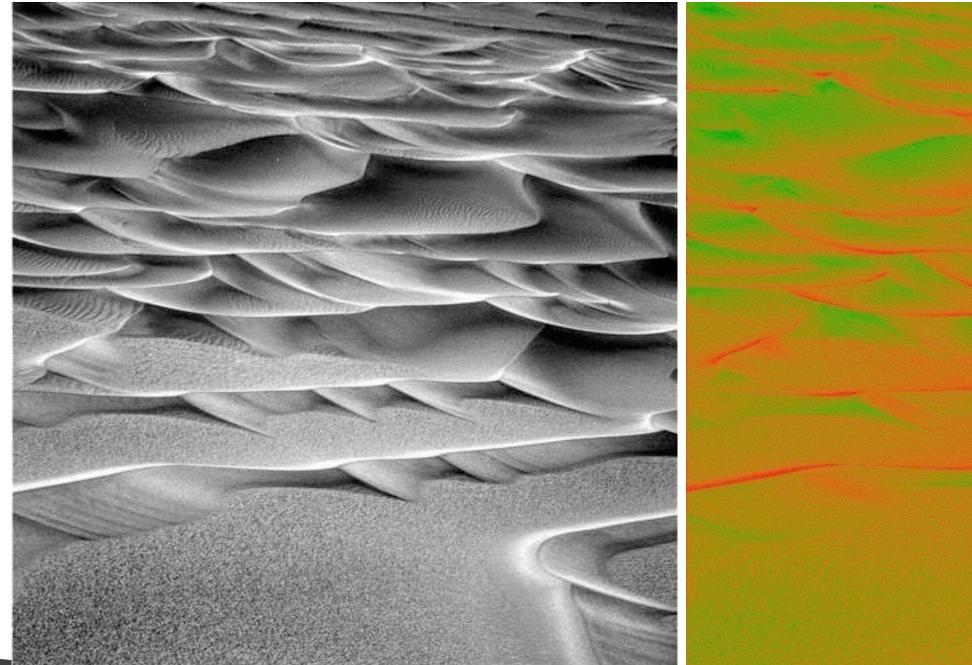








Contrast Sensitivity



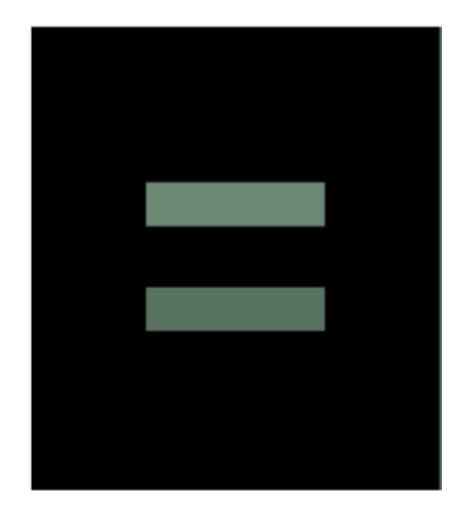


C.Ware, "Visual Thinking for Design"

Takeaway

• We have higher contrast sensitivity in the luminance than in the chrominance channel. Show preference to luminance for encoding detail.

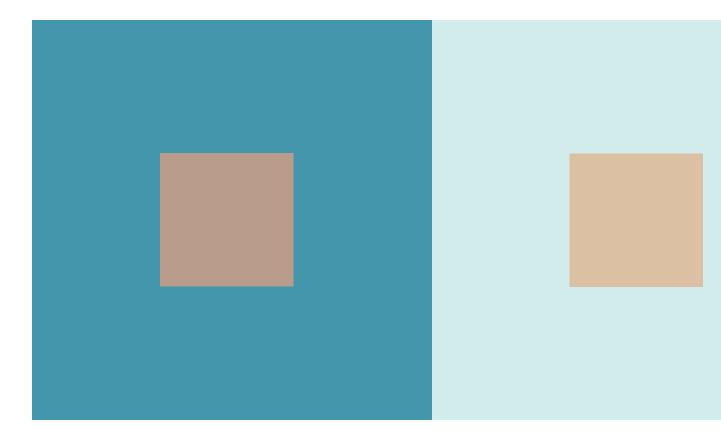






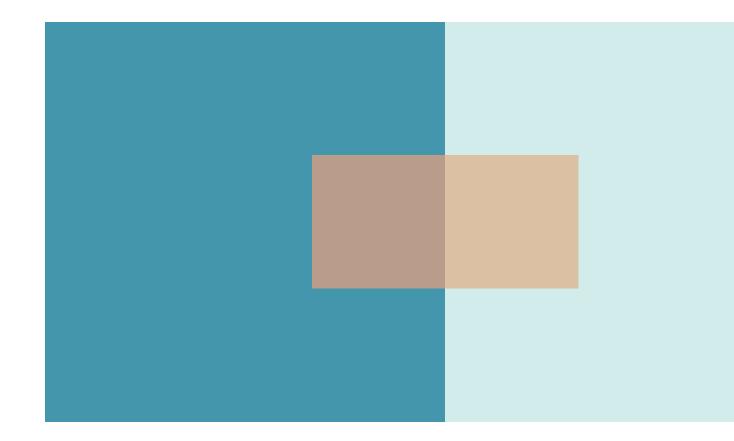


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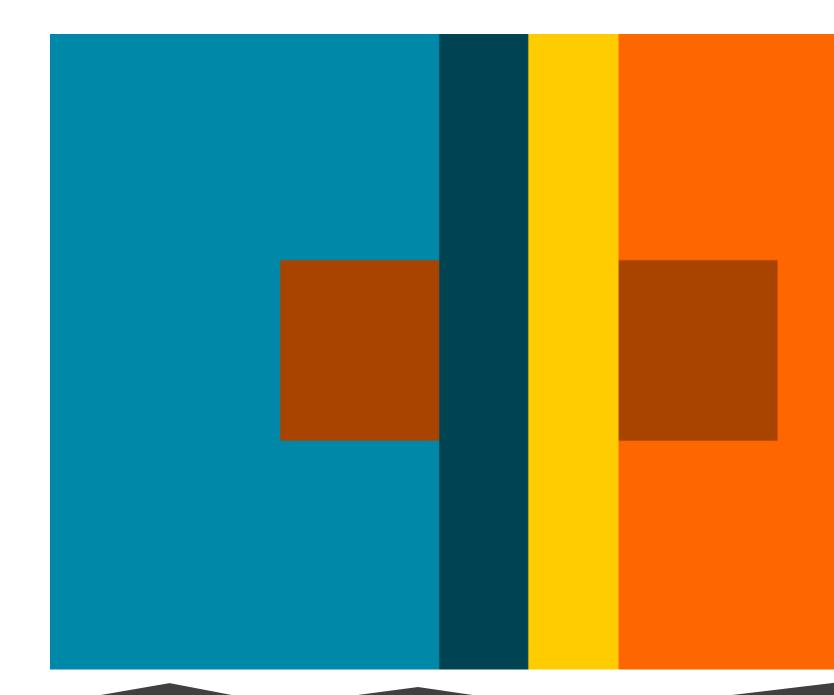








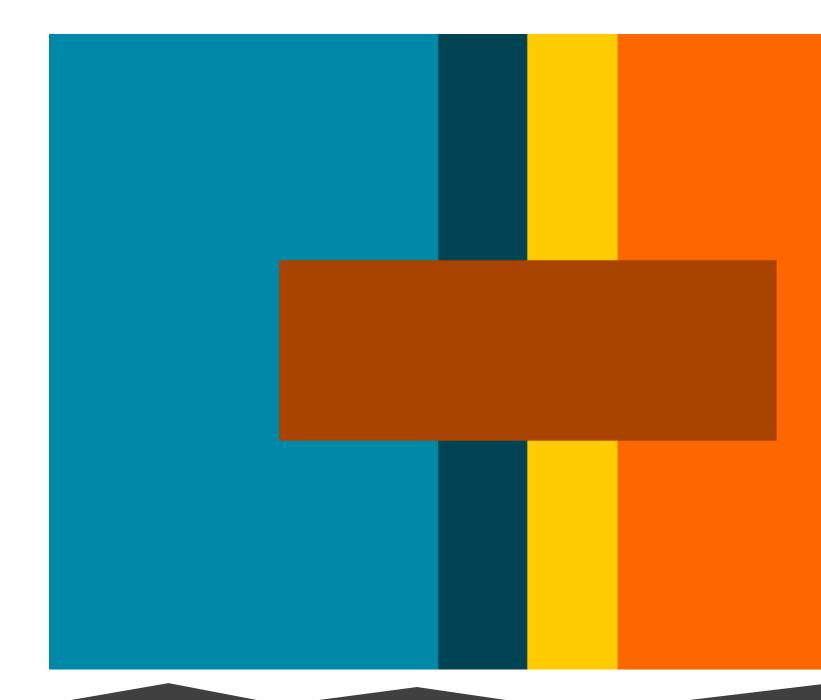








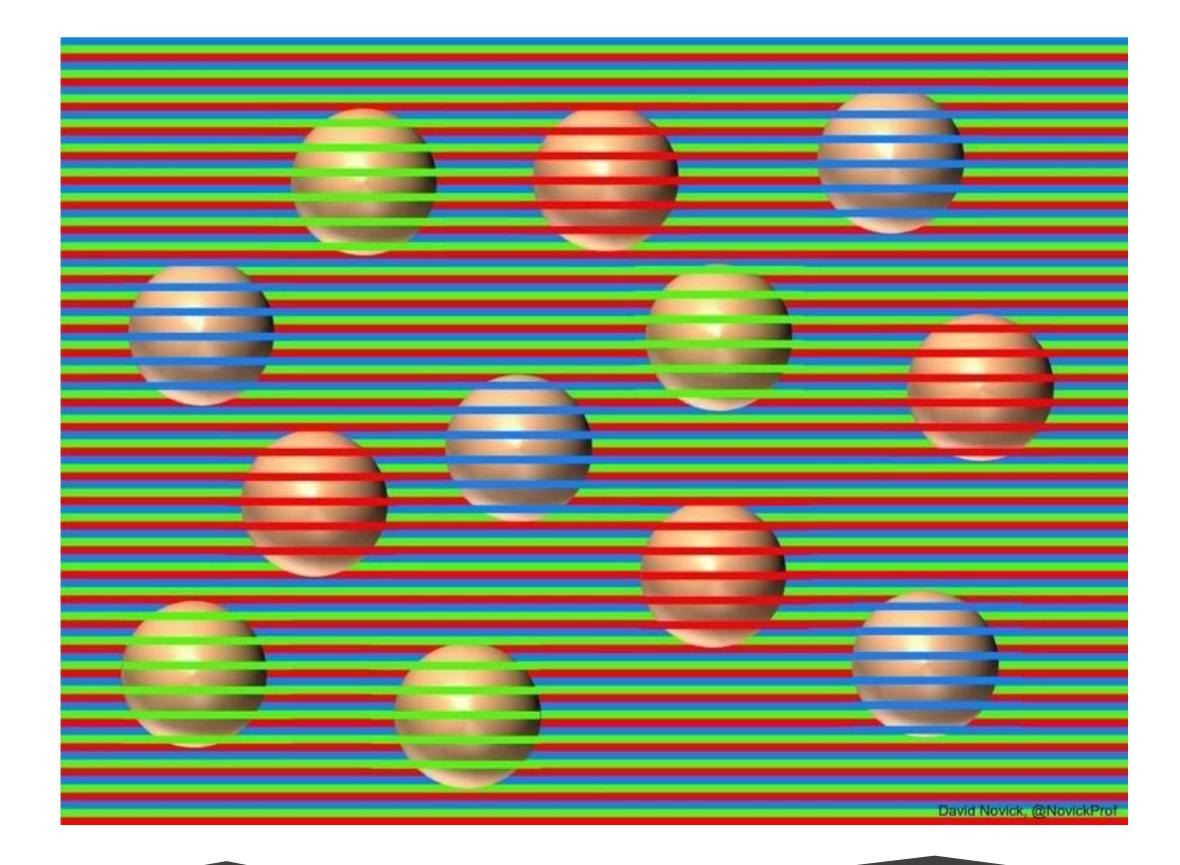






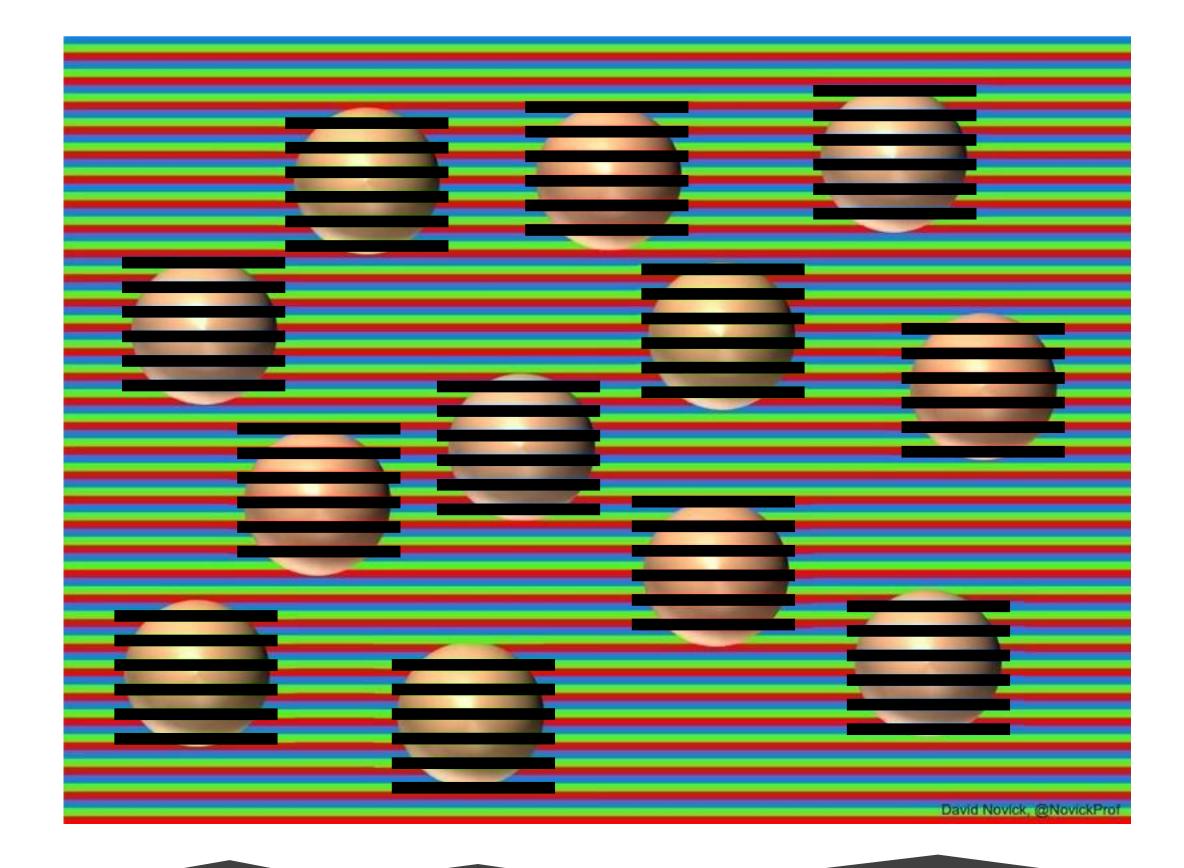


















Takeaway

- We have a strong propensity to assume our judgments of color are absolute, when in fact they are extremely relativistic.
- Do your best to not place data in difficult contexts. Use color sparingly.





luminance contrast

Showing small blue text on a black background is a bad idea. There is insufficient luminance contrast. Showing small blue text on a black background is a bad idea. There is insufficient luminance contrast.

Showing small yellow text on a white background is a bad idea. There is insufficient luminance contrast.

Showing small yellow text on a white background is a bad idea. There is insufficient luminance contrast.





size & color

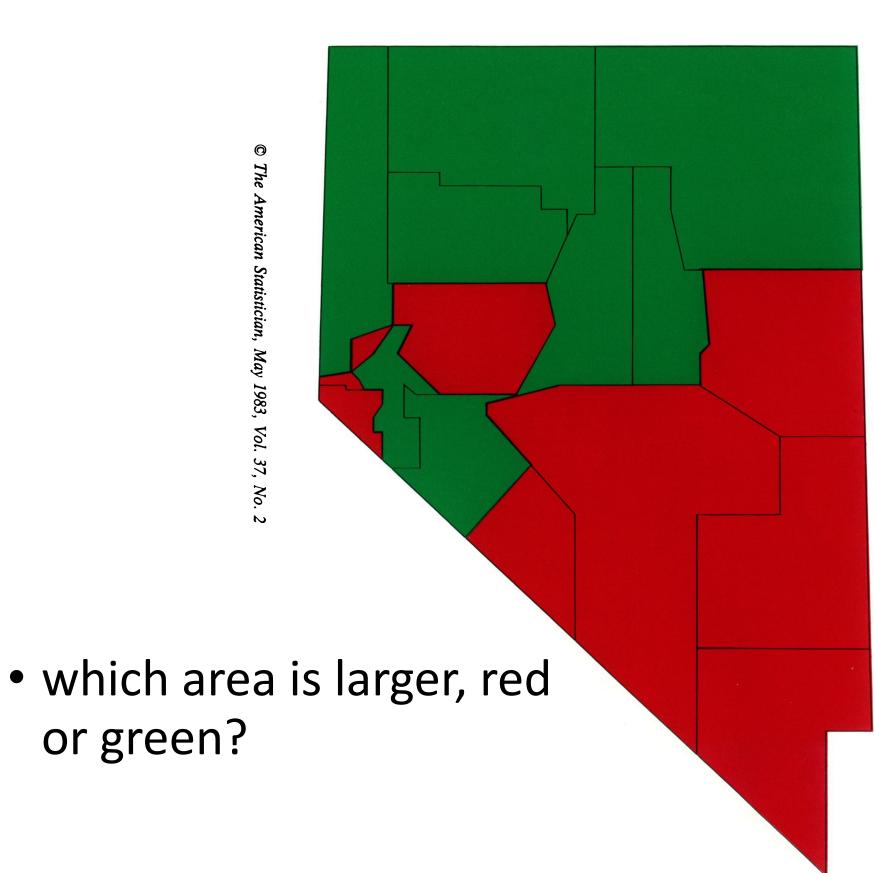


"the smaller the mark, the less distinguishable are the colors"



-Jacques Bertin







guidelines

- color is a relative medium—if encoding ordinal data with color, place marks on solid, neutral background
- because of contrast effects, it is difficult to perceive absolute luminance of noncontiguous regions
- for text, ideally use 10:1 ratio, 3:1 minimum



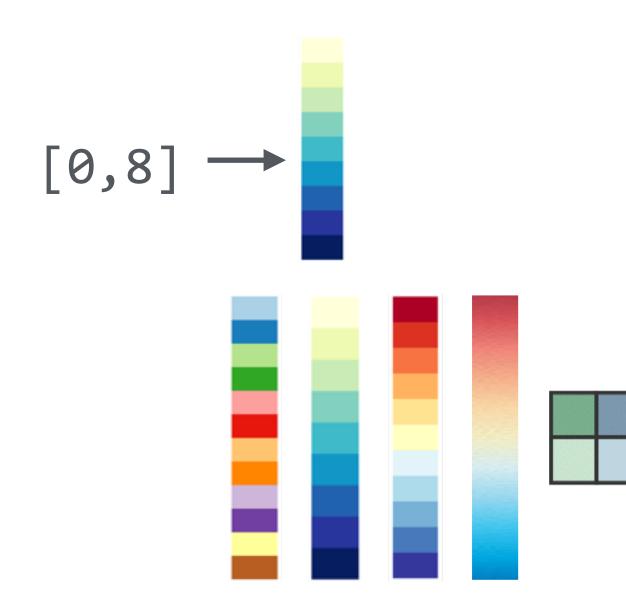


Guidelines

- in small regions use bright, highly saturated colors
- for points and lines use just two saturation levels
- use low saturation pastel colors for large regions and backgrounds







- what is a colormap?
 - - also called a transfer function
 - categorical vs ordered
 - sequential vs diverging
 - segmented vs continuous
 - univariate vs bivariate
- type characteristics!



specifies a mapping between color and values

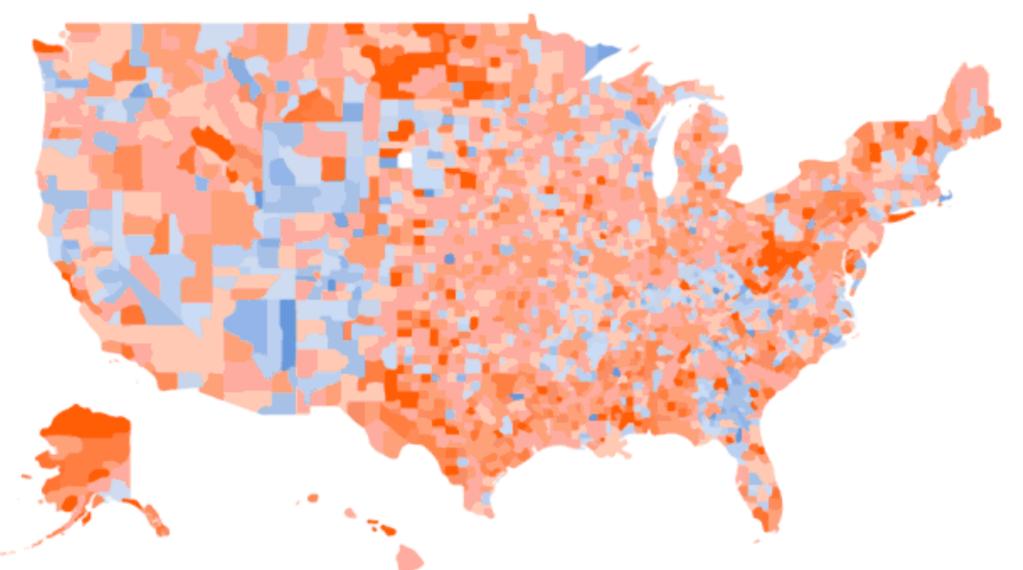
• expressiveness: match colormap to attribute



Rents are rising in 78% of counties in the U.S., year-over-year, increasing the urge to buy.⁴

MEDIAN RENT YoY







From: http://www.columnfivemedia.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/12/7-best-infographic-design-2017..gif



guidelines

- categorical colors are easier to remember if they are nameable
- ordered colormaps should vary along saturation or luminance
- bivariate colormaps are difficult to interpret if at least one variable is not binary





hues for categories



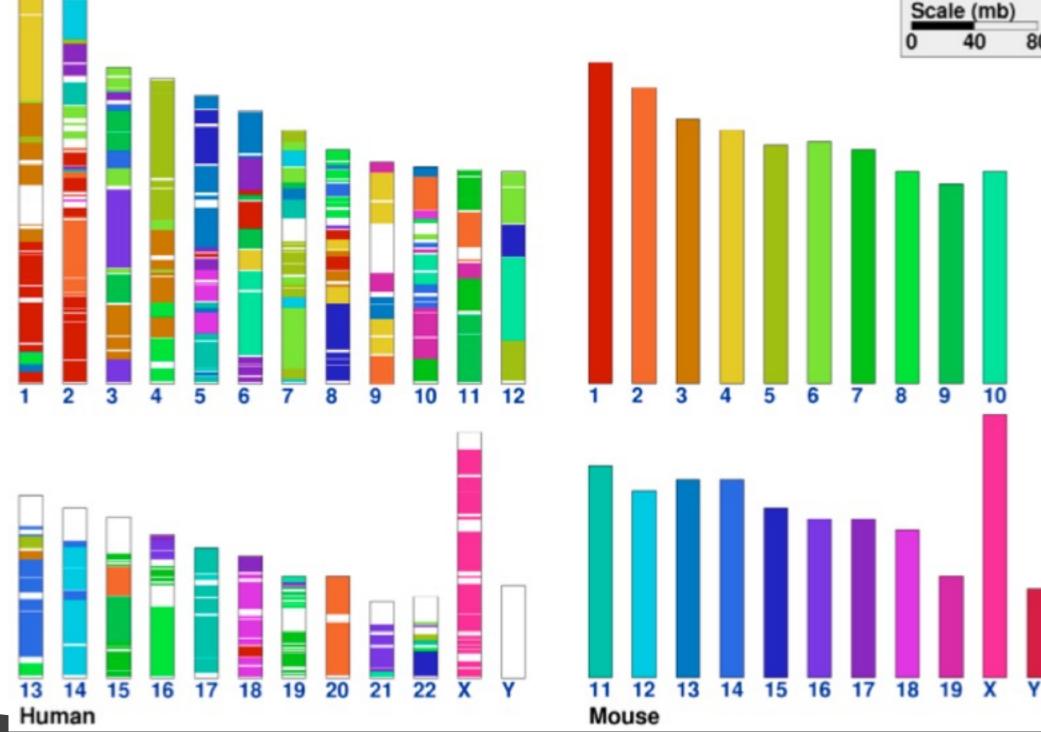




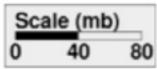


Distinguishability

• only good at distinguishing 6-12 simultaneous colors









order these colors...





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order these colors...

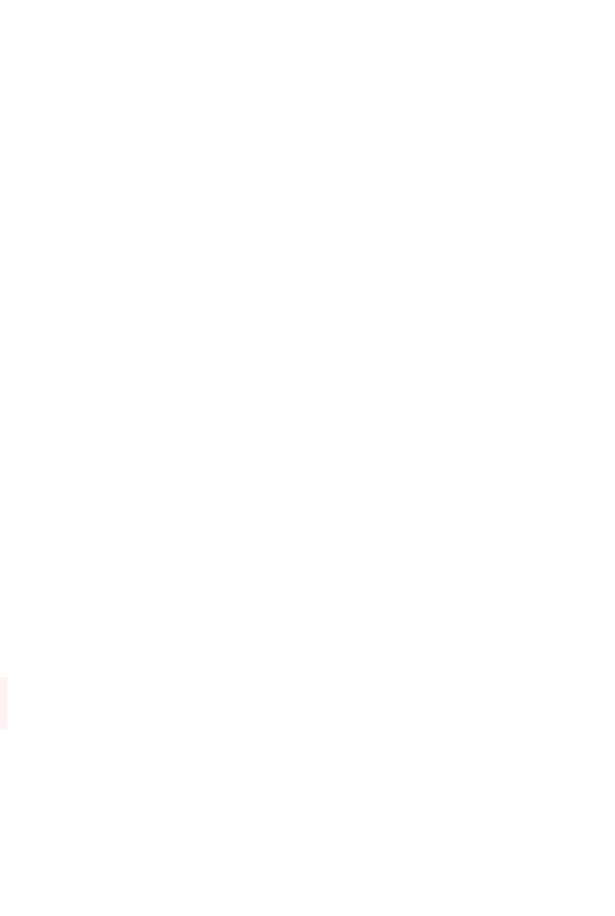
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order these colors...





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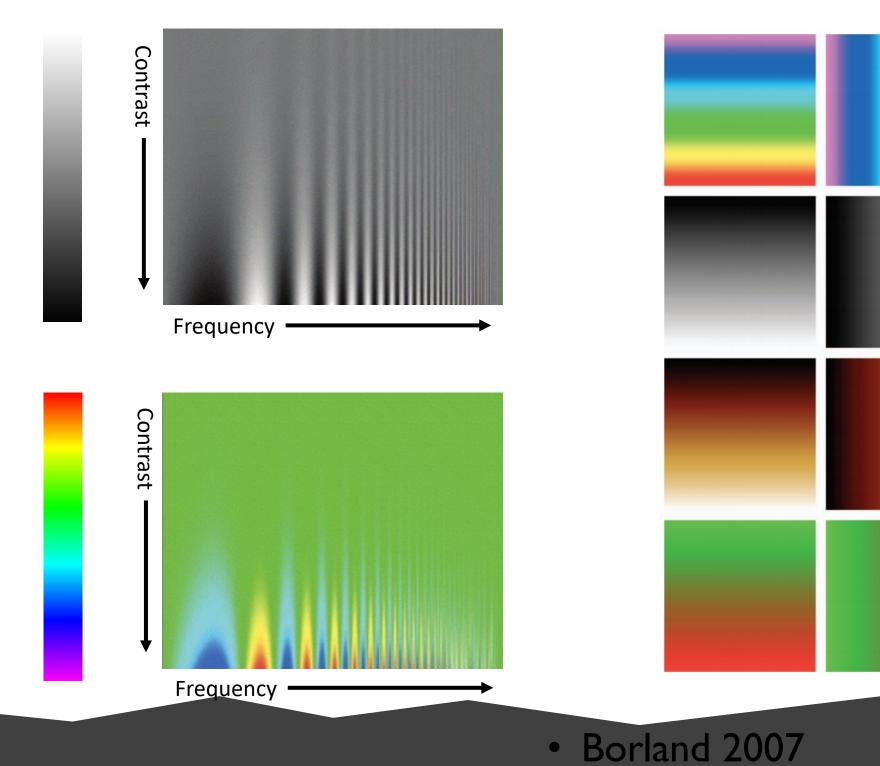
guidelines

- Iuminance and saturation are most effective for ordinal data because they have an inherent ordering
- hue is great for categorical data because there is no inherent ordering
 - but limit number of hues to 6-12 for distinguishability
- number of hues and distribution on the colormap should be related to which and how many structures in the data to emphasize

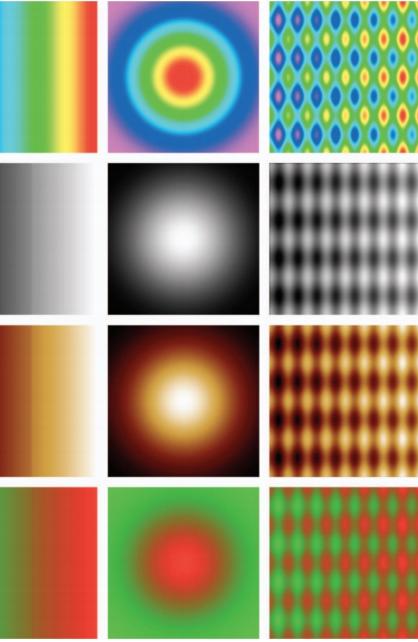


s no inherent ordering

rainbow colormaps: challenges

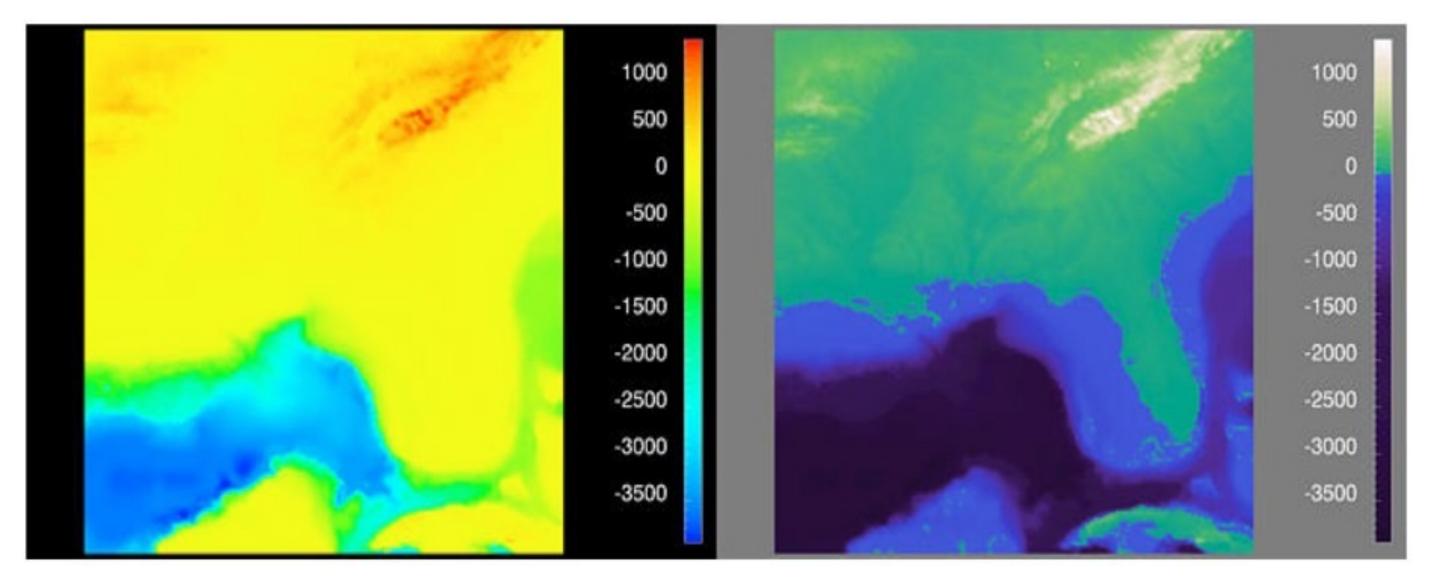








rainbow colormaps: challenges

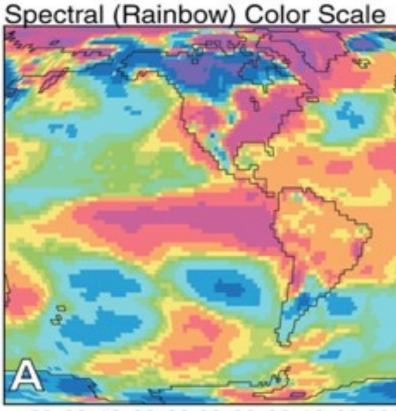


zero crossing not explicit



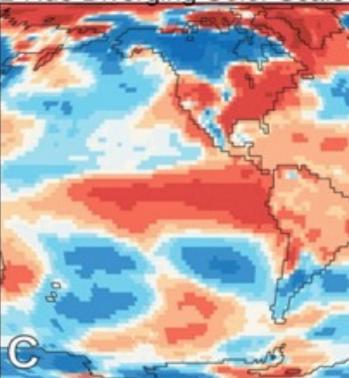


rainbow colormaps: challenges



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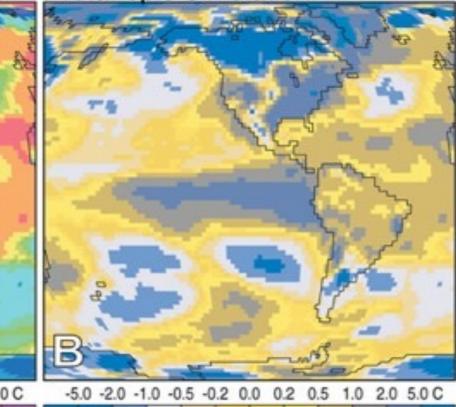




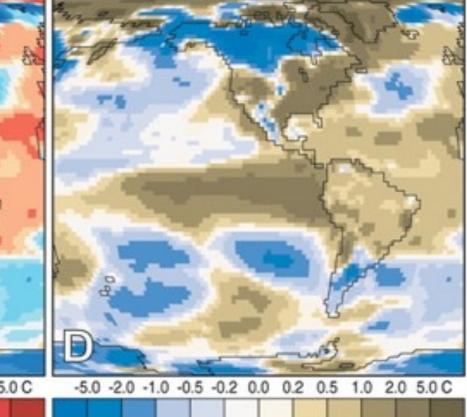
-5.0 -2.0 -1.0 -0.5 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.5 1.0 2.0 5.0 C



le Protanopic Simulation



Protanopic Simulation



Color section Guidelines



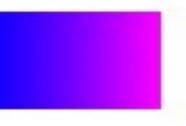
Rainbow guidelines







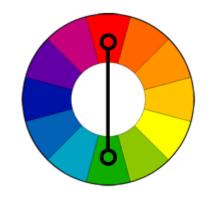


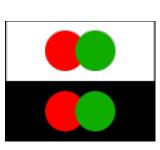


better



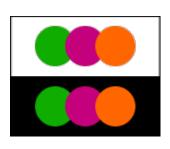






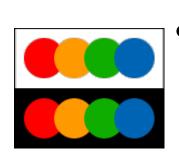
Complementary—high contrast creates a vibrant look

 Analogous—often found in nature and are harmonious and pleasing to the eye



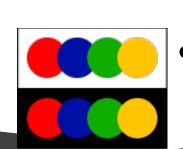
• **Triad**—vibrant, even if you use pale or unsaturated versions of your hues





Split-complementary—same strong contrast as the complementary but less tension



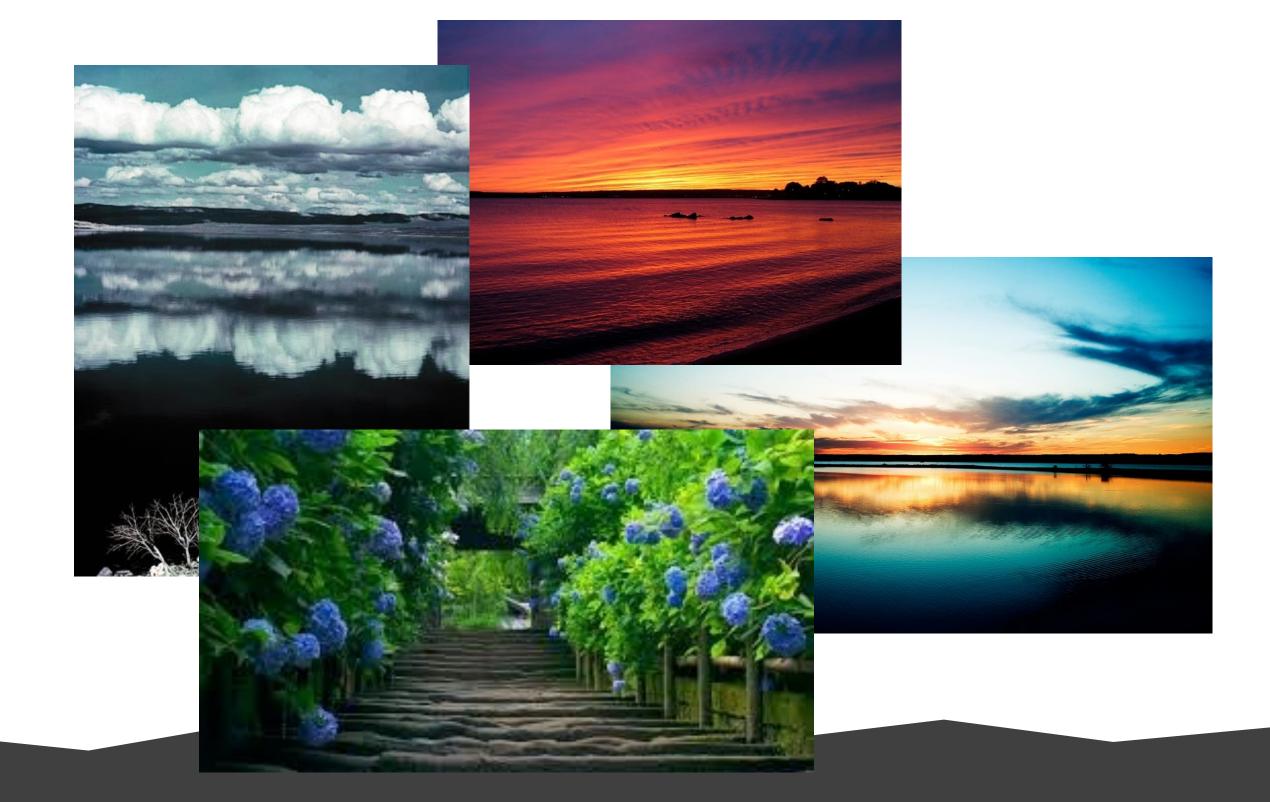


Rectangle—rich color scheme offers plenty of possibilities for variation

http://www.tigercolor.com/color-lab/color-theory/color-harmonies.htm

OLOR HARMONIES

LOOK TO NATURE

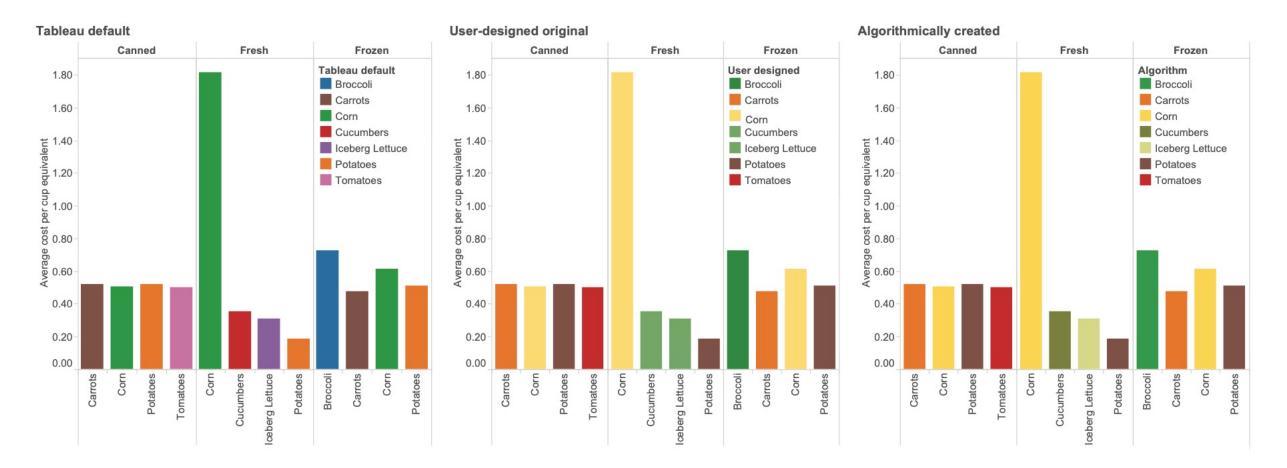






A Linguistic Approach to Categorical Color Assignment for Data Visualization

Vidya Setlur, Member, IEEE, Maureen C. Stone, Member, IEEE







SIMPLICITY

- choose one color to be used in larger amounts
- be selective about the base color
- use other colors to add interest







AVOIDANCE OF COLOR

- use neutrals (work with any scheme)
 - black, white, grey
- use diagrammatic marks (may be better encoding channels)
 - size, shape, texture, length, width, orientation, curvature and intensity



ng channels) Ature and intensity

Get it right in black and white - Maureen Stone



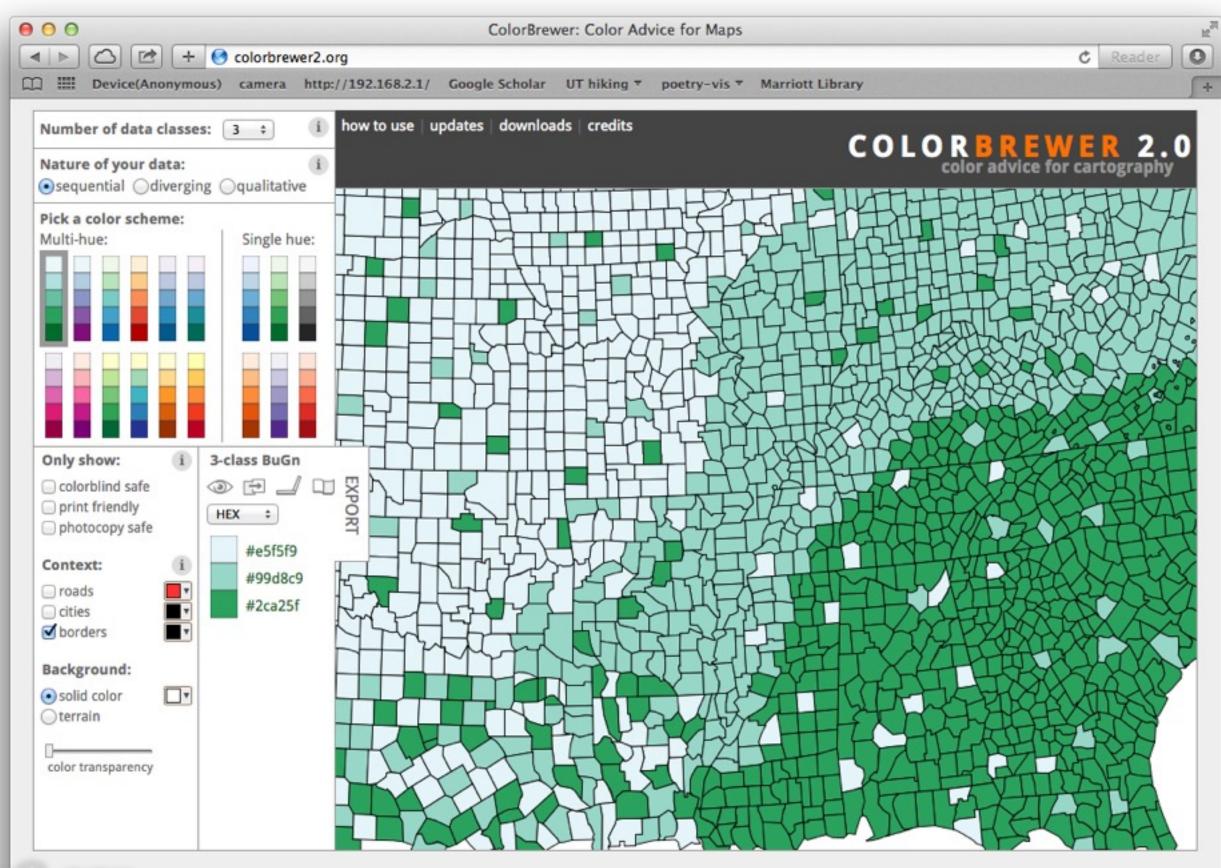


tools for color





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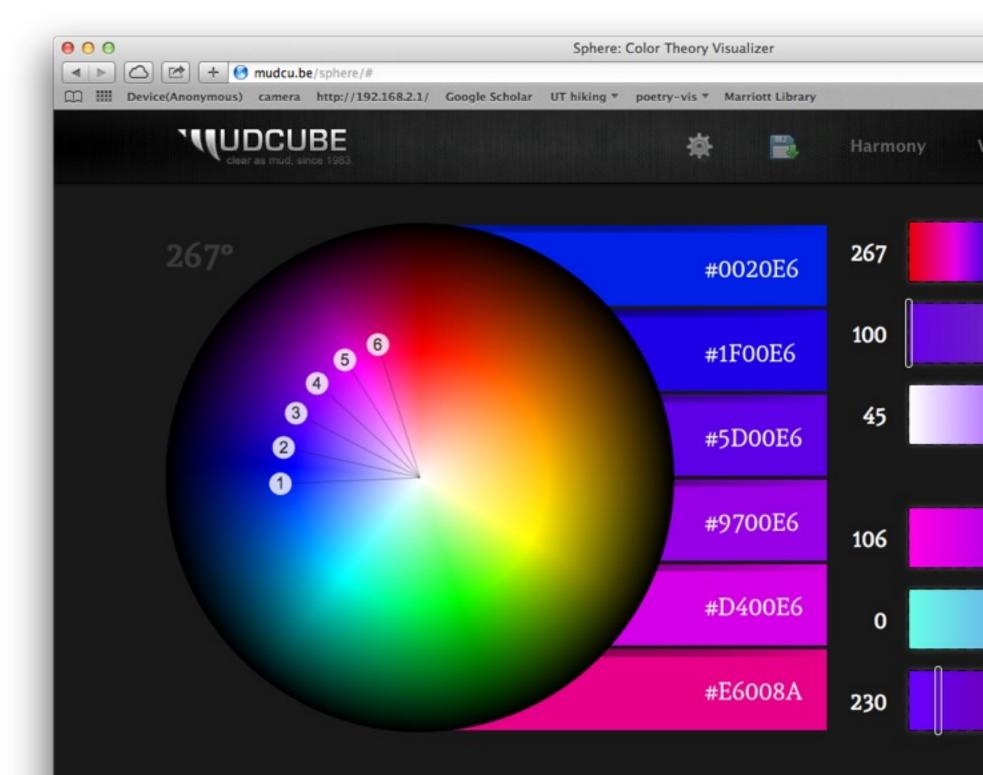


• Colorbrever 2 Cynthe Program Mark Harrower and The Pennsylvania State University Back to Flash Veron Back to ColorBrewer 1.0



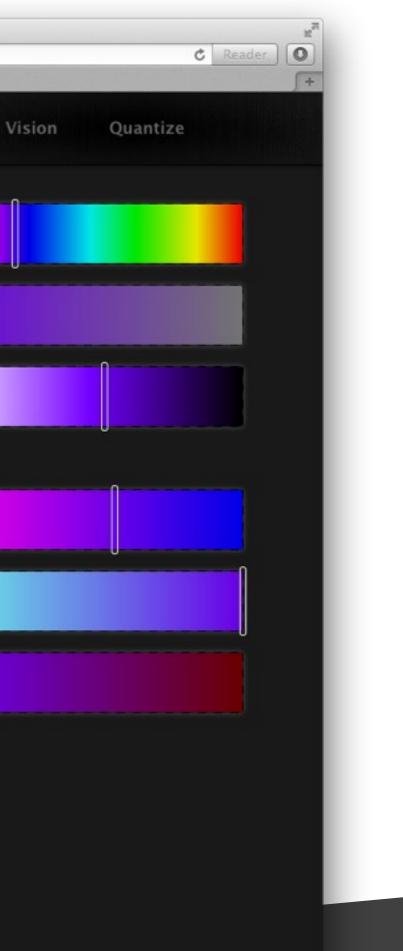
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Color Converter

Select a color space and enter your values for accurately convert your selection to Rgb, Cmy, C Lch and Yxy.

Note: ColorMine uses the sRgb color space. More information on sRgb vs AdobeRgb.

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We've recently added support for device specific ICC Profiles for Cmyk based on your feedback. This is a new feature so please le have any questions or problems with it using the feedback form b





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About Us

User quotes: I just stumbled onto your site and I'm pleased with the service that you offer. So far so good on the pages that I have on web. I'm encouraging the folks on my staff to use your site as a check. -Eve D.

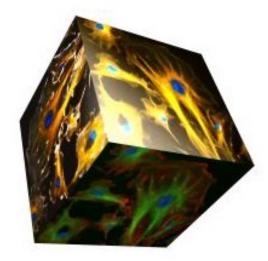
🔍 Web 🖲 Vischeck





Vischeck simulates colorblind vision.

Daltonize corrects images for colorblind viewers.



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Passive monitoring of cognitive health: Mindstrong Health.









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